	Star of the Sea Progression Map For Computing						
Age band	Areas of learnin	g	Relevant statements for computing in Early Years				
Three and Four-Year- Olds	Personal, Social Development	and Emotional	Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them.				
	Physical Develo	pment	Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting.				
	Understanding 1	the World	Explore how things work.				
Reception	Personal, Social Development	<ul> <li>rsonal, Social and Emotional</li> <li>Show resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge.</li> <li>Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeir</li> <li>sensible amounts of 'screen time'.</li> </ul>					
	Physical Development Expressive Arts and Design		• Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.				
			• Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.				
Early Learning Goals	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Managing Self	<ul> <li>Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.</li> <li>Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.</li> </ul>				
	Expressive Arts and Design	Creating with Materials	<ul> <li>Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.</li> </ul>				

		Star of the Sea Pro	ogression Map For Computing		
YEAR 1		Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
Knowledge (Breadth)		Online Safety & Exploring Purple Mash	Lego Builders	Coding	
		Grouping & Sorting	Maze Explorers	Technology outside school	
		Pictograms	Animated Story Books		
		<ul><li>to solve such problems.</li><li>Evaluate and apply information tech</li></ul>	nal terms, and have repeated practical experie mology, including new or unfamiliar technolog dent and creative users of information and co	gies, analytically to solve problems.	
Computer Science	Statement	Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions	Create and debug simple programs.	Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.	
	Outcome	Children understand that an algorithm is a set of instructions used to solve a problem or achieve an objective. They know that a computer program turns an algorithm into code that the computer can understand	Children can work out what is wrong with a simple algorithm when the steps are out of order, e.g. The Wrong Sandwich in Purple Mash and can write their own simple algorithm, e.g. Colouring in a Bird activity. Children know that an unexpected outcome is due to the code they have created and can make logical attempts to fix the code, e.g. Bubbles activity in 2Code	When looking at a program, children can read code one line at a time and make good attempts to envision the bigger picture of the overall effect of the program. Children can, for example, interpret where the turtle in 2Go challenges will end up at the end of the program.	
Information Technology	Statement	Use technology purposefully to create, orga	nise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital cor	htent.	

	Outcome	Children are able to sort, collate, edit and store simple digital conte simple instructions to access online resources, use Purple Mash 2Q backgrounds) or using pictogram software such as 2Count.	-
Digital Literacy	Statement	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.	Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.
	Outcome	Children understand what is meant by technology and can identify a variety of examples both in and out of school. They can make a distinction between objects that use modern technology and those that do not e.g. a microwave vs. a chair.	Children understand the importance of keeping information, such as their usernames and passwords, private and actively demonstrate this in lessons. Children take ownership of their work and save this in their own private space such as their My Work folder on Purple Mash.

		Star of the Sea Pro	gression Map For Computing	
YEAR 2	EAR 2 Autumn Term		Spring Term	Summer Term
Knowledge (Breadth)		Online Safety	Effective Searching	Making Music
		Coding	Creating Pictures	Presenting Ideas
		Questioning		
Aims		<ul> <li>and data representation.</li> <li>To analyse problems in computation to solve such problems.</li> <li>Evaluate and apply information tech</li> </ul>	ntal principles and concepts of computer scie nal terms, and have repeated practical experie nnology, including new or unfamiliar technolo dent and creative users of information and co	ence of writing computer programs in order gies, analytically to solve problems.
Computer Science	Statement	Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions.	Create and debug simple programs.	Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.
	Outcome	Children can explain that an algorithm is a set of instructions to complete a task. When designing simple programs, children show an awareness of the need to be precise with their algorithms so that they can be successfully converted into code.	Children can create a simple program that achieves a specific purpose. They can also identify and correct some errors, e.g. Debug Challenges: Chimp. Children's program designs display a growing awareness of the need for logical, programmable steps.	Children can identify the parts of a program that respond to specific events and initiate specific actions. For example, they can write a cause and effect sentence of what will happen in a program.
Information Technology	Statement	Use technology purposefully to create, orga	nise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital co	ntent.

	Outcome	Children demonstrate an ability to organise data using, for example, a database such as 2Investigate and can retrieve specific conducting simple searches. Children are able to edit more complex digital data such as music compositions within 2Sequence Children are confident when creating, naming, saving and retrieving content. Children use a range of media in their digital co including photos, text and sound.					
Digital Literacy	Statement	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.	Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.				
	Outcome	Children can effectively retrieve relevant, purposeful digital content using a search engine. They can apply their learning of effective searching beyond the classroom. They can share this knowledge, e.g. 2Publish example template. Children make links between technology they see around them, coding and multimedia work they do in school e.g. animations, interactive code and programs.	Children know the implications of inappropriate online searches. Children begin to understand how things are shared electronically such as posting work to the Purple Mash display board. They develop an understanding of using email safely by using 2Respond activities on Purple Mash and know ways of reporting inappropriate behaviours and content to a trusted adult.				

		Star of	the Sea Progress	ion Map For Con	nputing			
YEAR 3		Autumn Term		Spring Term			Summer Term	
Knowledge (Breadth)		Coding		Email		Simulat	tions	
		Online safety		Branching Datal	pases	Graphir	ng	
						Micro:b	Dit	
Aims		<ul> <li>Understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, a and data representation.</li> <li>To analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer program to solve such problems.</li> <li>Evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problem</li> <li>To be responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.</li> </ul>					ing computer programs in order ically to solve problems.	
Computer Science	Statement	programs that accomplish repet specific goals, including with v		se sequence, selection and epetition in programs; work ith variables and various orms of input and output. Use logical rea how some sim work and to de errors in algori programs.		thms correct	Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.	
	Outcome	Children can turn a simple real- life situation into an algorithm for a program by deconstructing it into manageable parts. Their design shows that they are thinking of the desired task and how this translates into code. Children can identify an error within their program that prevents it following the desired algorithm and then fix it.	sequence. They with timers to a repetition effect programs. Child beginning to ur difference in th	n and code a programs show that they are ollows a simple y experiment program in logical, achievable achieve steps and absorbing some new knowledge of coding structures. For example, repetition and use of timers. They make good attempts to and rather than a nd when structures is not identify error		y are e of a evable ne new ners. ots to nplex e errors orrect ch as ograms oredict	opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration. Children can list a range of ways that the Internet can be used to provide different methods of communication. They can use some of these methods of communication, e.g. being able to open, respond to and attach files to emails using 2Email. They can describe appropriate email conventions when communicating in this way.	

Information Technology	Statement	Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.	Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.			
	Outcome	Children can carry out simple searches to retrieve digital content. They understand that to do this, they are connecting to the internet and using a search engine such as Purple Mash search or internet-wide search engines.	Children can collect, analyse, evaluate and present data and information using a selection of software, e.g. using a branching database (2Question), using software such as 2Graph. Children can consider what software is most appropriate for a given task. They can create purposeful content to attach to emails, e.g. 2Respond.			
Digital Literacy	Statement	Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways t report concern about content and contact.				
	Outcome	Children demonstrate the importance of having a secure password and not sharing this with anyone else. Furthermore, explain the negative implications of failure to keep passwords safe and secure. They understand the importance of staying the importance of their conduct when using familiar communication tools such as 2Email in Purple Mash. They know more way to report unacceptable content and contact				

		Star of	the Sea Progress	sion Map For Com	nputing		
YEAR 4		Autumn Term		Sp	pring Term		Summer Term
Knowledge (Breadth)		Online Safety		Writing for Diffe	erent Audiences	Animati	on
		Coding		Logo		Effective	e Searching
						Hardwa	re Investigators
Aims		<ul> <li>Understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation.</li> <li>To analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems.</li> <li>Evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems.</li> <li>To be responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.</li> </ul>					
Computer Science	Statement	Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.	Use sequence, repetition in pr with variables a forms of input	rograms; work how some simple algori and various work and to detect and		thms correct	Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

	Outcome	When turning a real-life situation into an algorithm, the children's design shows that they are thinking of the required task and how to accomplish this in code using coding structures for selection and repetition. Children make more intuitive attempts to debug their own programs.	Children's use of timers to achieve repetition effects are becoming more logical and are integrated into their program designs. They understand 'IF statements' for selection and attempt to combine these with other coding structures including variables to achieve the effects that they design in their programs. As well as understanding how variables can be used to store information while a program is executing, they are able to use and manipulate the value of variables. Children can make use of user inputs and outputs such as 'print to screen'. e.g. 2Code.	Children's designs for their programs show that they are thinking of the structure of a program in logical, achievable steps and absorbing some new knowledge of coding structures. For example, 'IF' statements, repetition and variables. They can trace code and use step-through methods to identify errors in code and make logical attempts to correct this. In programs such as Logo, they can 'read' programs with several steps and predict the outcome accurately	Children recognise the main component parts of hardware which allow computers to join and form a network. Their ability to understand the online safety implications associated with the ways the internet can be used to provide different methods of communication is improving. Children understand the function, features and layout of a search engine. They can appraise selected webpages for credibility and i		
Information Technology	Statement	Use search technologies effective selected and ranked, and be disce content.		Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.			
	Outcome	Children understand the function engine. They can appraise selecte information at a basic level.	•	Children are able to make improvements to digital solutions based on feedback. Children make informed software choices when presenting information and data. They create linked content using a range of software such as 2Connect and 2Publish+. Children share digital content within their community, i.e. using Virtual Display Boards.			
Digital Literacy	Statement	Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a rai					
	Outcome	Children can explore key concepts relating to online safety using concept mapping such as 2Connect. They can help others to understand the importance of online safety. Children know a range of ways of reporting inappropriate content and contact.					

		Star of	the Sea Progress	ion Map For Com	puting		
YEAR 5		Autumn Term		Spring Term			Summer Term
Knowledge (Breadth)		Online Safety		Spreadsheets		Game (	Creator
		Coding		Databases		3D Moo	delling
Aims		<ul> <li>To understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation.</li> <li>To analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs to solve such problems.</li> <li>Evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems.</li> <li>To be responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.</li> </ul>				ing computer programs in order cally to solve problems.	
Computer Science	Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.		Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.		Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.		Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.
	Outcome	Children may attempt to turn more complex real life situations into algorithms for a program by deconstructing it into manageable parts. Children are able to test and debug their programs as they go and can use logical methods to identify the approximate cause of any bug but may need some support identifying the specific line of code.	Children can tra algorithms that sequence, select repetition into increasing ease designs show th thinking of how the set task in c such structures combining sequ and repetition coding structur their algorithm	include ction and code with and their own hat they are to accomplish code utilising . They are hence, selection with other es to achieve	When children code, they are beginning to think about their code structure in terms of the ability to debug and interpret the code later, e.g. the use of tabs to organise code and the naming of variables.		Children understand the value of computer networks but are also aware of the main dangers. They recognise what personal information is and can explain how this can be kept safe. Children can select the most appropriate form of online communications contingent on audience and digital content, e.g. 2Blog, 2Email, Display Boards.

Information Technology	Statement	Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.	Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.				
	Outcome	Children search with greater complexity for digital content when using a search engine. They are able to explain in some detail how credible a webpage is and the information it contains.	Children are able to make appropriate improvements to digital solutions based on feedback received and can confidently comment on the success of the solution. e.g. creating their own program to meet a design brief using 2Code. They objectively review solutions from others. Children are able to collaboratively create content and solutions using digital features within software such as collaborative mode. They are able to use several ways of sharing digital content, i.e. 2Blog, Display Boards and 2Email.				
Digital Literacy	Statement	Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acce concern about content and contact.	eptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report				
	Outcome		a secure knowledge of common online safety rules and can apply this by demonstrating the safe and respectful use of a echnologies and online services. Children implicitly relate appropriate online behaviour to their right to personal ntal wellbeing of themselves and others.				

		Star o	of the Sea Progres	sion Map For Con	nputing		
YEAR 6		Autumn Term	1	SI	pring Term		Summer Term
Knowledge (Breadth)		Online Safety		Spreadsheets		Networks	
		Coding		Text Adventure	S	Quizzing	
Aims		<ul> <li>Understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation.</li> <li>To analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems.</li> <li>Evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems.</li> <li>To be responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.</li> </ul>					computer programs in order ly to solve problems.
Computer Science	Statement	Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.	Use sequence, repetition in pr with variables forms of input	rograms; work and various	Use logical reasoning to explain how some simpl algorithms work and to and correct errors in algorithms and program	e ne detect int s. W op co	nderstand computer etworks, including the ternet; how they can provide ultiple services, such as the forld Wide Web, and the oportunities they offer for ommunication and

	Outcome	Children are able to turn a more complex programming task into an algorithm by identifying the important aspects of the task (abstraction) and then decomposing them in a logical way using their knowledge of possible coding structures and applying skills from previous programs. Children test and debug their program as they go and use logical methods to identify the cause of bugs, demonstrating a systematic approach to try to identify a particular line of code causing a problem.	Children are able to turn a more complex programming task into an algorithm by identifying the important aspects of the task (abstraction) and then decomposing them in a logical way using their knowledge of possible coding structures and applying skills from previous programs. Children test and debug their program as they go and use logical methods to identify the cause of bugs, demonstrating a systematic approach to try to identify a particular line of code causing a problem.	Children are able to interpret a program in parts and can make logical attempts to put the separate parts of a complex algorithm together to explain the program as a whole	Children understand and can explain in some depth the difference between the internet and the World Wide Web. Children know what a WAN and LAN are and can describe how they access the Internet in school.
Information Technology	Statement	Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.		Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.	
	Outcome	Children readily apply filters when searching for digital content. They are able to explain in detail how credible a webpage is and the information it contains. They compare a range of digital content sources and are able to rate them in terms of content quality and accuracy. Children use critical thinking skills in everyday use of online communication.		Children make clear connections to the audience when designing and creating digital content. The children design and create their own blogs to become a content creator on the Internet, e.g. 2Blog. They are able to use criteria to evaluate the quality of digital solutions and are able to identify improvements, making some refinements.	
Digital Literacy	Statement	Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concern about content and contact.			
	Outcome	Children demonstrate the safe and respectful use of a range of different technologies and online services. They identify more discreet inappropriate behaviours through developing critical thinking, e.g. 2Respond activities. They recognise the value in preserving their privacy when online for their own and other people's safety.			